Engineering solutions to close the EHR usability gap

Ted Melnick, MD, MHS
Associate Professor of Emergency Medicine and Biostatistics (Health Informatics)
Director, ACGME Clinical Informatics Fellowship
Principal Investigator, EMBED Trial & AMA EHR Use Metric Studies

June 15, 2022





Disclosures

- My work is supported by
 - The National Institutes of Health (NIH) Health Care Systems Research Collaboratory by the NIH Common Fund through cooperative agreement U24AT009676 from the Office of Strategic Coordination within the Office of the NIH Director and cooperative agreement (UH3DA047003) from the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) of the National Institutes of Health.
 - The American Medical Association (AMA) Practice Transformation Initiative
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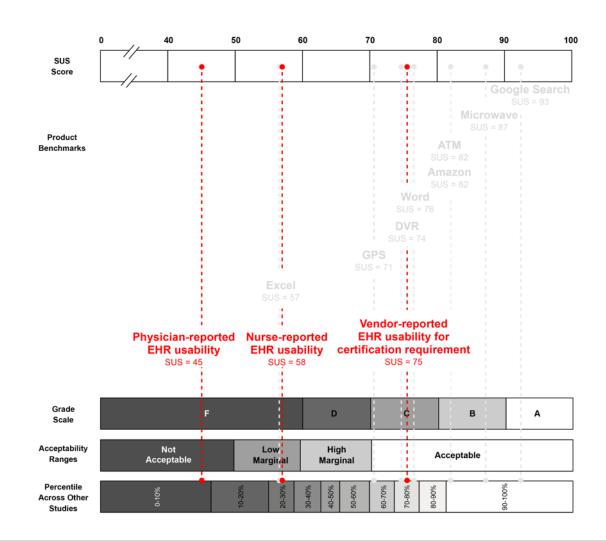
Poor Usability & the Burden of EHR Use

The current design of the EHR platform is *distracting*, *impeding*, *and frustrating* to use for providers.

Figure:

System Usability Scale (SUS) Score

Gomes & Ratwani. JAMA Netw Open. 2019;2(12):e1916651 Melnick et al. Mayo Clin Proc 2020;95(3):476-487 Melnick et al. JAMIA 2021; 28(8):1632-41.



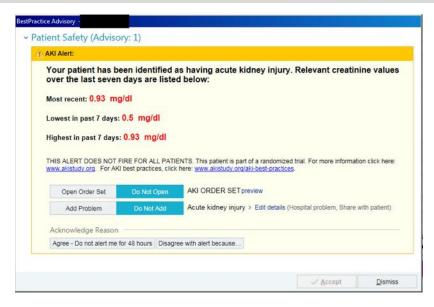
Unintended consequences of CDS

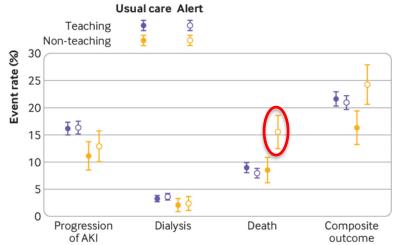
Hard-stop alert that was repeatedly delivered to all clinicians on the patient's care team each time they opened a patient's chart with AKI.

Drove small change in clinician behavior, no effect on AKI, dialysis. Associated with significantly higher risk of death at 14 days in non-teaching hospitals

Figures:

Wilson et al. BMJ. 2021;372:m4786





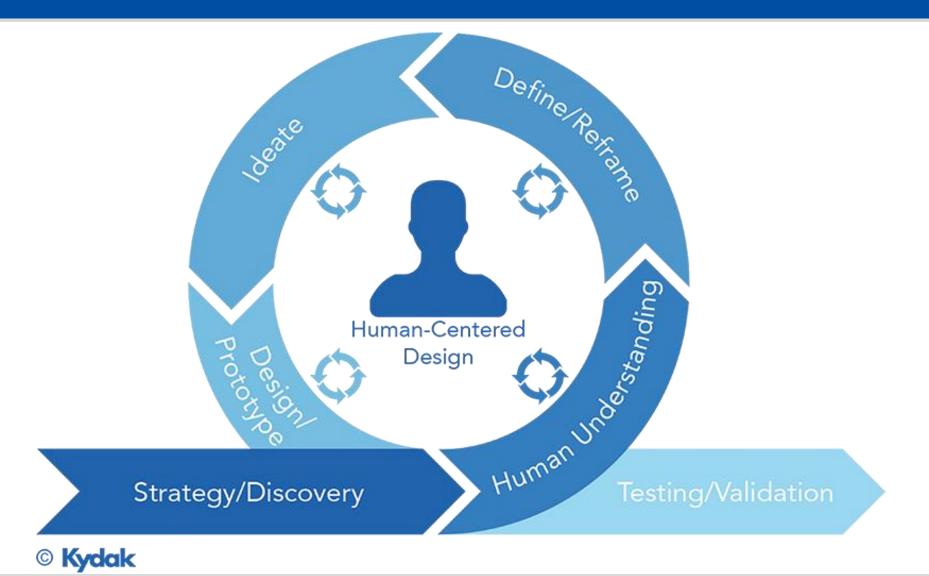
"Simple can be harder than complex. You have to work hard to get your thinking clean to make it simple. But it's worth it in the end because once you get there, you can move mountains." STEVE JOBS

Design vs System vs User Model



https://www.asktog.com/columns/069ScottAdamsMeltdown.html

User-Centered Design



Use Case



EMBED:

PRAGMATIC TRIAL OF USER-CENTERED CLINICAL DECISION
SUPPORT TO IMPLEMENT EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT-INITIATED
BUPRENORPHINE FOR OPIOID USE DISORDER

Buprenorphine (an effective treatment for OUD) can be safely initiated in the emergency department

1

The opioid crisis

- Overdose deaths soared to 93,000 in 2020
- >4M Americans have or have had OUD

2

Medication treatment gaps

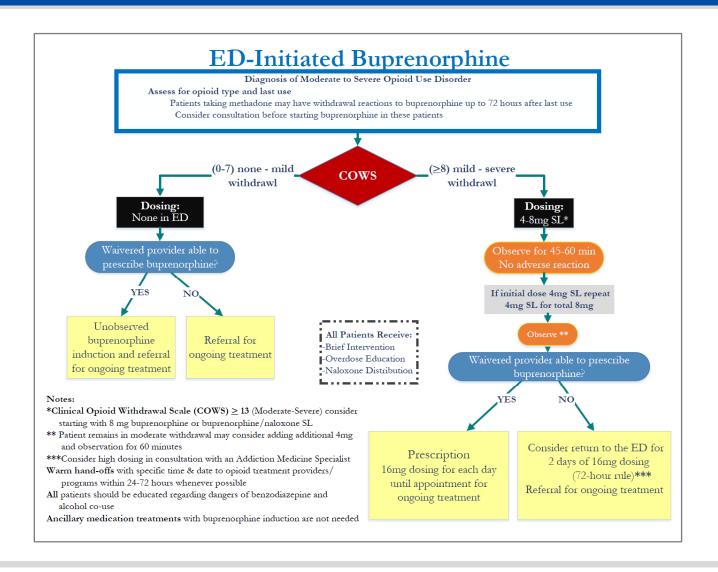
Less than 1 in 5 receive medication treatment

3

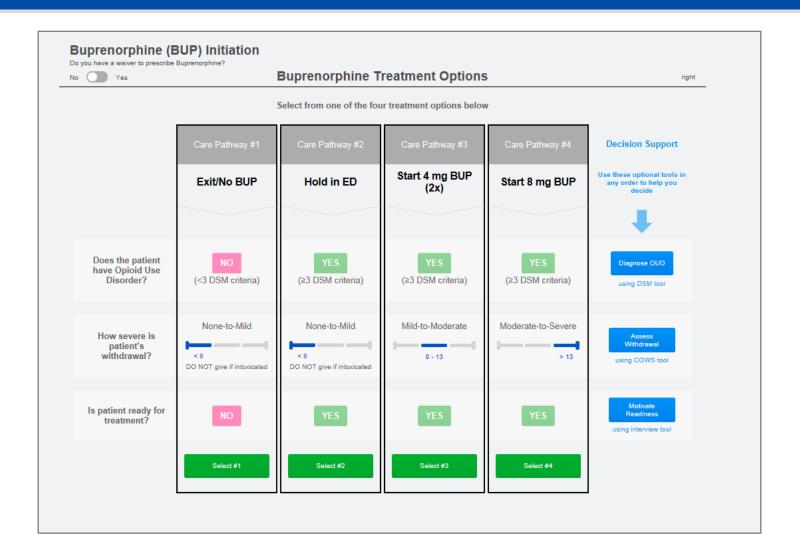
ED as critical access point

- 30% increase in ED visits in 2016, rising through pandemic
- 5% mortality year after overdose

To simplify the process from an unfamiliar, static algorithm...



...to a simple, automated application

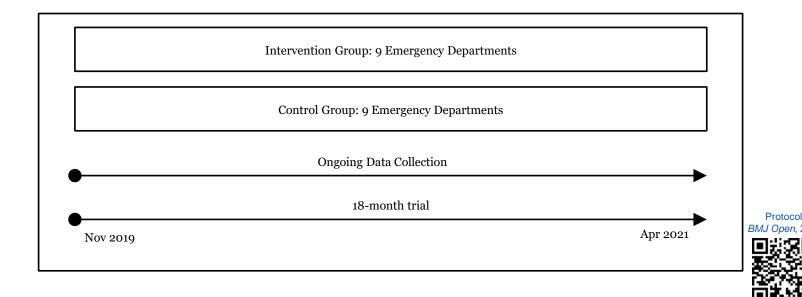


Clinicians continue in their current Epic workflow



Evaluate effectiveness with Pragmatic Trials

- 18-month pragmatic, parallel, group randomized trial
- 18 ED clusters in 5 healthcare systems randomly allocated in 1:1 ratio to intervention versus usual care arm
- Intervention: CDS to support diagnosis & withdrawal assessment & automate orders, notes, Rx, AVS, referral
- Primary outcome: initiation of BUP in ED



The EMBED Team

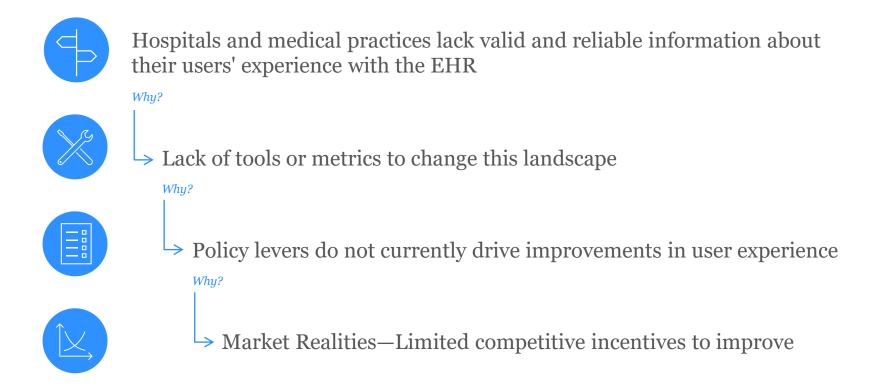


GET IT ON Google Play

BUP

Metric Example

Why Are We Stuck?



Ideal State of Digital Health

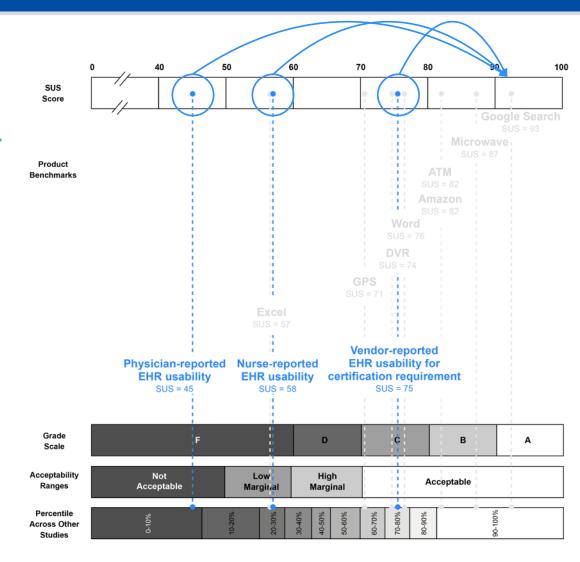
Create and maintain the technical tools needed to:

- Improve the digital health user experience
- Reduce clinician EHR burden
- Identify EHR usability issues that may contribute to patient harm
- Allow real-world EHR testing at scale—accountability and transparency

Figure:

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Proposed Core EHR Use Measures

Measure	Abbreviation	Definition and Example		
Total EHR time	EHR-Time ₈	Total time on EHR (during and outside of clinic sessions) per 8 hours of patient scheduled time. Example: A physician with 32 patient-scheduled hours per week, 20 hours of EHR-time during schedule hours, 10 hours of WOW each week would have EHR-Time $_8$ of 30/32 x 8 = 7.5		
Work outside of scheduled clinical hours	WOW ₈	Time on EHR outside of scheduled patient hours per 8 hours of patient scheduled time. Example: A physician with 32 scheduled patient hours per week and a total of 10 hours of EHR time outside of these scheduled hours, would have $WOW_n = 10/32 \times 8 = 2.5$		
Time on inbox	IB-Time ₈	Total time on inbox per 8 hours of patient scheduled time Example: A physician working with a team that is empowered to pend, send orders by protocol or operationalize verbal orders, may compose 25% of the orders from start to finish on their own, while the rest are pended or completed by team members for the physician's co-signature. In this case TW _{ORD} = 75%		

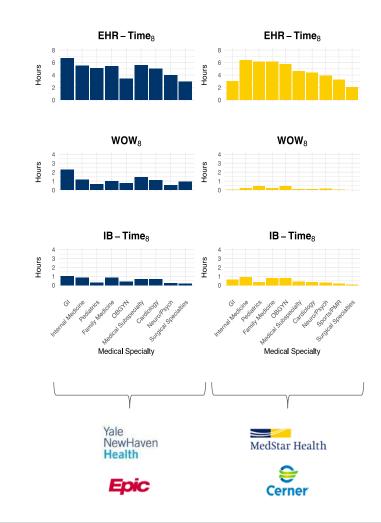
Metrics for assessing physician activity using electronic health record log data Sinsky. JAMIA 2020;27(4):639-643

Preliminary Findings: EHR Use Measurement

- First study to measure EHR use across vendor products in a standardized way
- 5 of 7 proposed metrics for care could be measured for ambulatory, non-teaching physicians only
- After adjusting for age, specialty, vendor,
 & hrs worked, female physicians spend
 +30 min more time on EHR than male
 colleagues for every 8 hrs of clinical time
- Greater transparency, granularity & consistency of data definitions still necessary
- Recruiting participants for consensus process to overcome implementation barriers across stakeholder groups

Figure:

Characterizing physician EHR use with vendor derived data Melnick et al. JAMIA 2021;28(7):1383-92.



Projects, People, Organizations, and Vendors

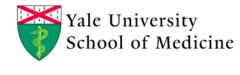












Yale NewHaven Health Northeast Medical Group

















Healthcare Usability Maturity Model

Ů UNRECOGNIZED	₹ PRELIMINARY	. IMPLEMENTED	% INTEGRATED	♣ STRATEGIC
 Lack of awareness of usability. 	Sporadic inclusion of usability.	Recognized value of usability.	All benchmarks of usability implemented.	Business benefit well understood.
 No practices, policies or resources. 	Very limited resources.	Small team responsible for usability.	Dedicated user experience team.	 Usability mandated. Budget and people part of each year's results.
				 Budget used strategically throughout the organization

HIMSS Usability Task Force 2011

Thank you.

Questions?

Edward.Melnick@yale.edu @Ted_Melnick

